Plagiarism?

“the practice of taking someone else’s work or ideas and passing them off as one’s own”
(Oxford Dictionaries, 2012)
It is done by...

- Stealing and passing off (the ideas or words of another) as one's own
- Using (another's production) without crediting the source
- Committing **literary theft** (copying of another's written work)
- Presenting as new and original an idea or product derived from an existing source

According to the Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary, to "plagiarize"

It all simply is an **act of fraud** done by stealing and lying about others work which you claim as your own.

Source: http://plagiarism.org/plagiarism-101/what-is-plagiarism
TYPES OF PLAGIARISM

Intentionally & Unintentionally
#1. **Clone**
Submitting another’s work, word-for-word, as one’s own

#2. **CTRL-C**
Contains significant portions of text from a single source without alterations

#3. **Find - Replace**
Changing key words and phrases but retaining the essential content of the source

#4. **Remix**
Paraphrases from multiple sources, made to fit together

#5. **Recycle**
Borrows generously from the writer’s previous work without citation
#6. Hybrid
Combines perfectly cited sources with copied passages without citation

#7. Mash-up
Mixes copied material from multiple sources

#8. 404 Error
Includes citations to non-existent or inaccurate information about sources

#9. Aggregator
Includes proper citation to sources but the paper contains almost no original work

#10. Re-tweet
Includes proper citation, but relies too closely on the text’s original wording and/or structure

Source: http://plagiarism.org/plagiarism-101/types-of-plagiarism/
“I think if you do something and it turns out pretty good, then you should go do something else wonderful, not dwell on it for too long. Just figure out what’s next.”

(Jobs, 2006)
This is Plagiarizing...
“I think if you do something and it turns out pretty good, then you should go do something else wonderful, not dwell on it for too long. Just figure out what’s next.”

(Jobs, 2006)
This is NOT Plagiarizing...
“I think if you do something and it turns out pretty good, then you should go do something else wonderful, not dwell on it for too long. Just figure out what’s next.”

(Jobs, 2006)
Jobs (2006), said “I think if you do something and it turns out pretty good, then you should go do something else wonderful, not dwell on it for too long. Just figure out what’s next.” which only comes to show that even the greatest of all moguls are not relying on the success of his todays but also to continue to work on future of his products.

Proper quotation marks and it shows that this student know what they are writing.
Sometimes in striving and undertaking any responsibilities, there is always a time when something goes well and rejoicing about it is prolonged. Of course there is no harm in basking in it but there is always a need to move on and try to adventure into other fields to see what is next.

"I think if you do something and it turns out pretty good, then you should go do something else wonderful, not dwell on it for too long. Just figure out what's next."

(Jobs, 2006)
All of the following are considered plagiarism

- Turning in someone else's work as your own
- Copying words or ideas from someone else without giving credit
- Failing to put a quotation in quotation marks
- Giving incorrect information about the source of a quotation
- Changing words but copying the sentence structure of a source without giving credit
- Copying so many words or ideas from a source that it makes up the majority of your work, whether you give credit or not (see our section on "fair use" rules)
Why is Plagiarizing a serious matter?

How would you feel if all the time and effort that you have spent coming up with something unique is claimed ownership by another irresponsible human being?
YOU ARE GUILTY OF THEFT!

Could you at least TRY to look guilty?

© Original Artist
How to avoid plagiarism?
- **Record appropriate source information**
  - For those who like to pick up different findings from different papers but does not recall where it was found.

- **Acknowledge the sources**
  - By citing sources accordingly (MLA, APA, Harvard, etc...)

- **Give credit to the author**
  - Mentioning them in the extract used. Includes quoting.

- **Summarizing or paraphrasing**
  - Explaining a concept or ideas through your own understanding or in your own words.

- **Common knowledge**
  - Information that are considered general knowledge.

- **Pen-down notes from resources**
  - In reproducing and adapting to any ideas that supports your research.
Please check out our online tutorials on how to properly cite your references in MLA, APA, and Harvard style to avoid being accused as a thief!

Thank You
Am I Plagiarizing?

Avoiding plagiarism — University of Leicester. (n.d.). University of Leicester. Retrieved from http://www2.le.ac.uk/offices/ld/resources/study/plagiarism-tutorial


According to APA citation style at http://www.apastyle.org/